



# AGENDA

PROPOSED DESIGN

PIER DESIGN

PIER SAFETY

PARKING AND TRAFFIC

PUBLIC RESTROOMS

PEDESTRIAN BYPASS

### Overview



### Pier Design

Based in the contextual shoreline environment:

- Reduces riptides
- Prevents lake-bed down-cutting
- Improves access to Lake Michigan

### Pier Safety

Improved public amenity:

- Monitored swim zones
- Discourages diving
- Reduces riptides

### Parking and Traffic

- Prioritizes green space over additional paving
- Safe, proximate parking provided
- Operations plan to address potential future congestion

#### Restrooms

Seasonal accommodations of an ADA portable restroom

### Pedestrian Bypass

- Work with adjacent property owner to create an easement for access to the southern steps
- Modify the fenceline to allow for passage along WPD property

### Beach Closure Signage/Gate

Further consideration to additional signage and a more permanent method for closing the beach and pier will be addressed in the final permit design submittal to the Village pending WPD Board Review\*.

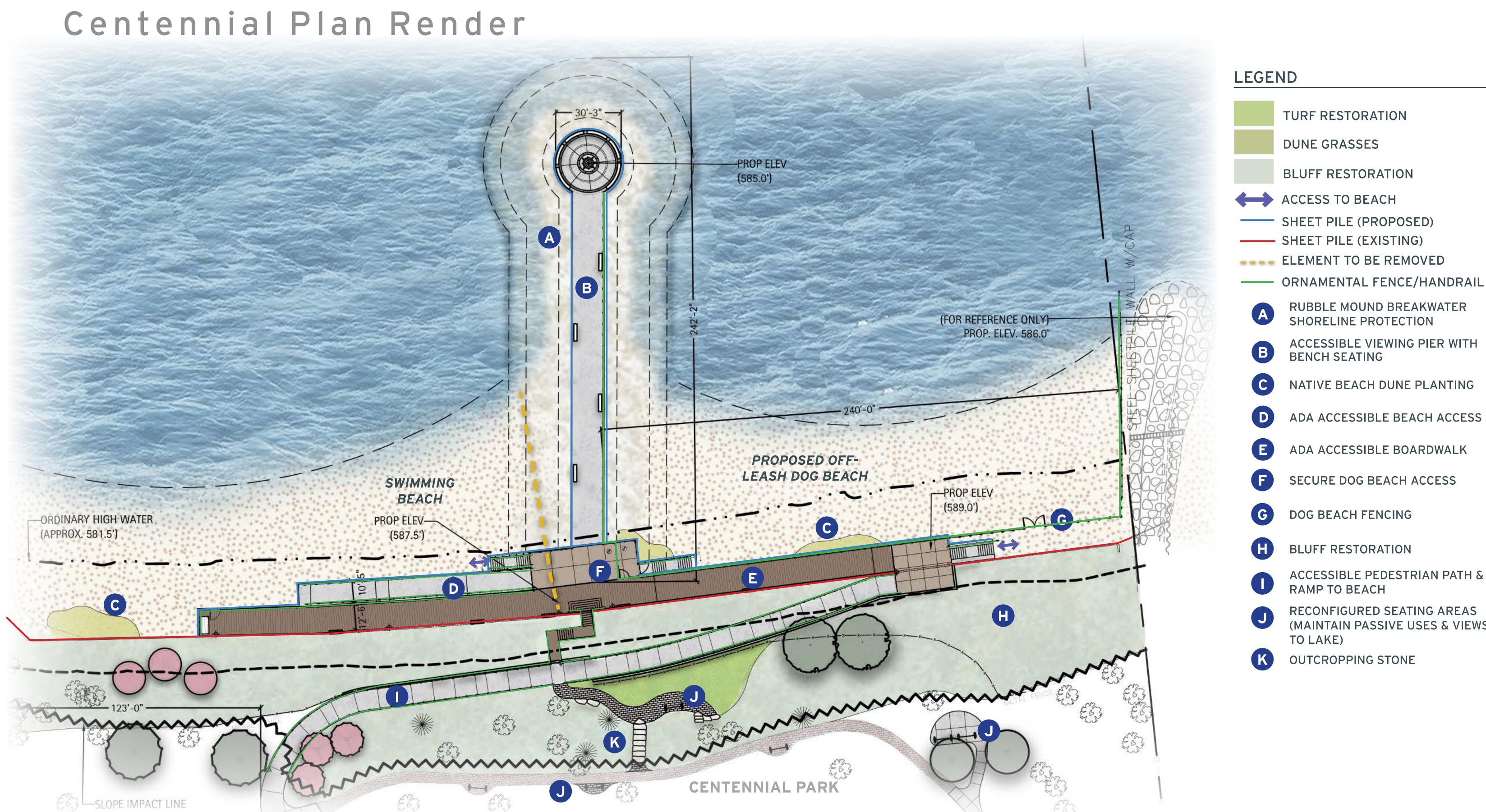
#### Pier Handrail

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\*Please Note: All changes or adjustments to the plan will need to be reviewed by Winnetka Park District Board for final approval

# Proposed Design





TURF RESTORATION

**DUNE GRASSES** 

**BLUFF RESTORATION** 

ACCESS TO BEACH

SHEET PILE (PROPOSED)

— SHEET PILE (EXISTING)

RUBBLE MOUND BREAKWATER

SHORELINE PROTECTION

ACCESSIBLE VIEWING PIER WITH BENCH SEATING

NATIVE BEACH DUNE PLANTING

ADA ACCESSIBLE BEACH ACCESS RAMP

ADA ACCESSIBLE BOARDWALK

SECURE DOG BEACH ACCESS

DOG BEACH FENCING

**BLUFF RESTORATION** 

ACCESSIBLE PEDESTRIAN PATH &

RAMP TO BEACH

RECONFIGURED SEATING AREAS (MAINTAIN PASSIVE USES & VIEWS

**OUTCROPPING STONE** 





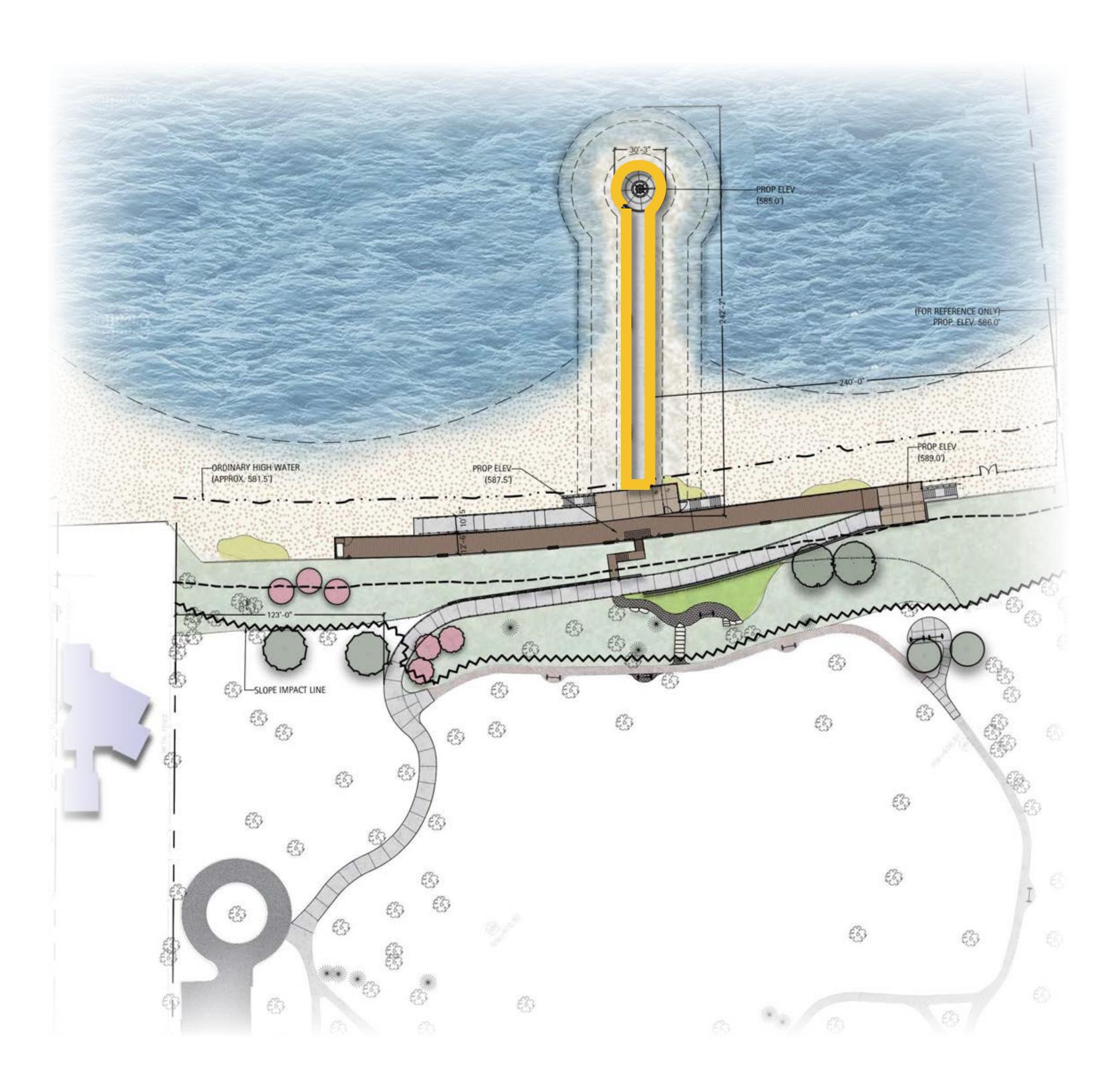
Overview

### Design Criteria

• Coastal Engineering

Lake Bed Downcutting and Littoral Drift are natural processes that cause concerns for beaches along the Winnetka Shoreline.

The design facilitates protection of the at-risk beaches by **limiting lake-bed down-cutting**; **retaining sand** in an eroded, sand-starved environment; and providing accessible walkways to allow for **greater public access to Lake Michigan**.





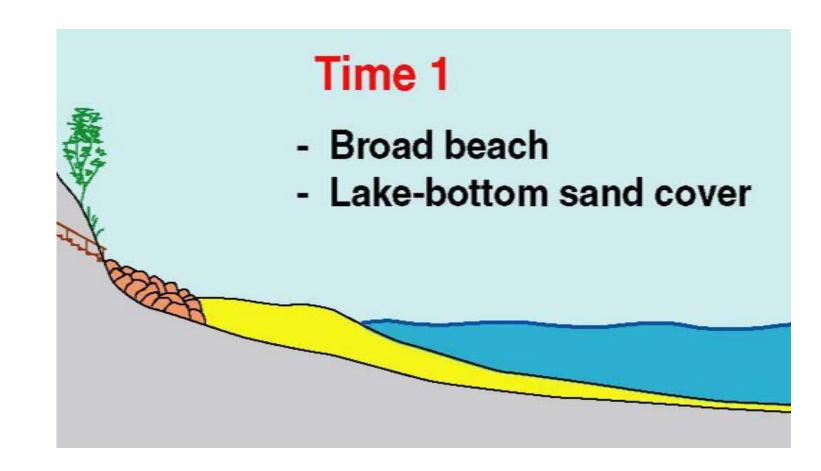
### Coastal Engineering

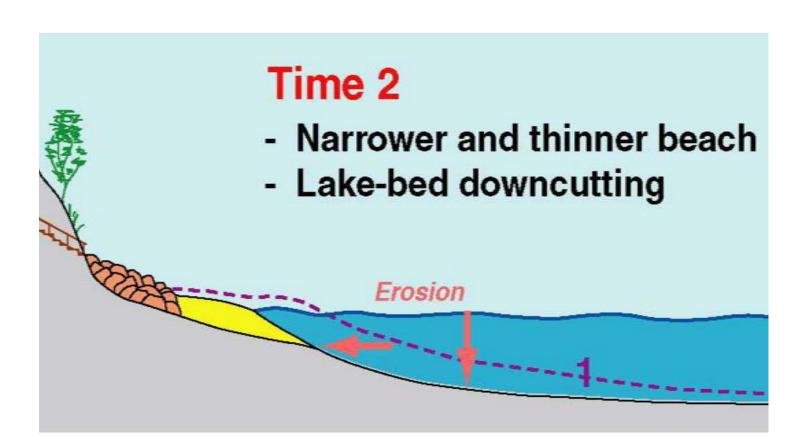
#### Littoral Drift

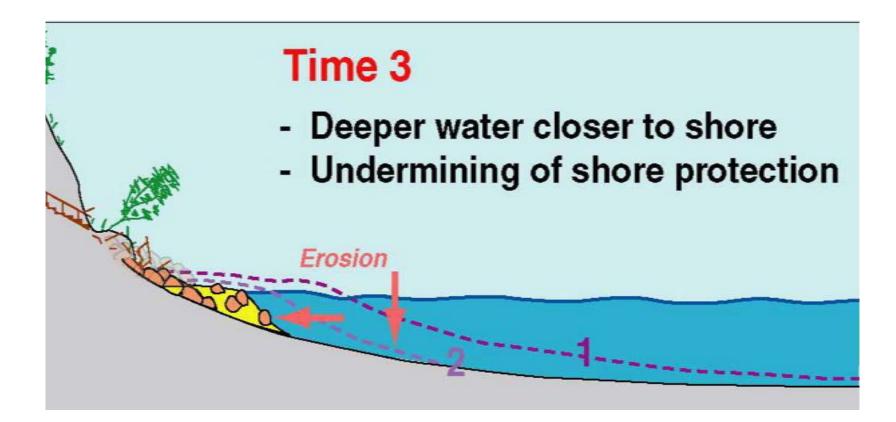
The movement of sand controlled by wave climate, bathymetry, shoreline orientation, and natural or artificial headlands that deflect waves and currents.

### Lake-bed Downcutting

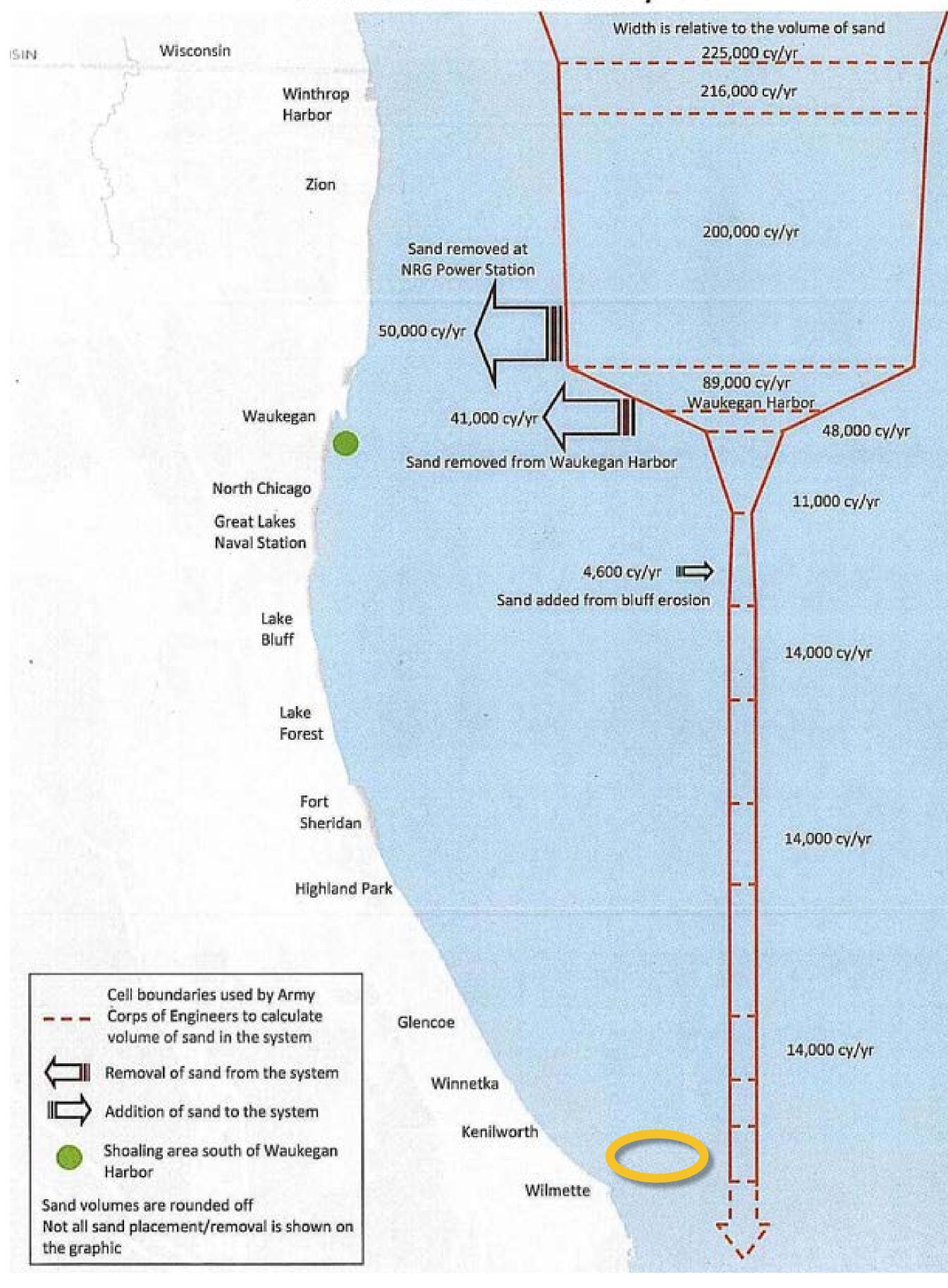
Lake-bed Downcutting is the process of waves crashing into shore, which over time, causes erotion that deepens a lake by removing lake-bed clay. This process creates dangerous beach environments creating deeper near shore waters allowing for accelerated erosion. Once lakebed downcutting existings, shoreline protection measures are too late.







#### Volume of sand in the littoral system

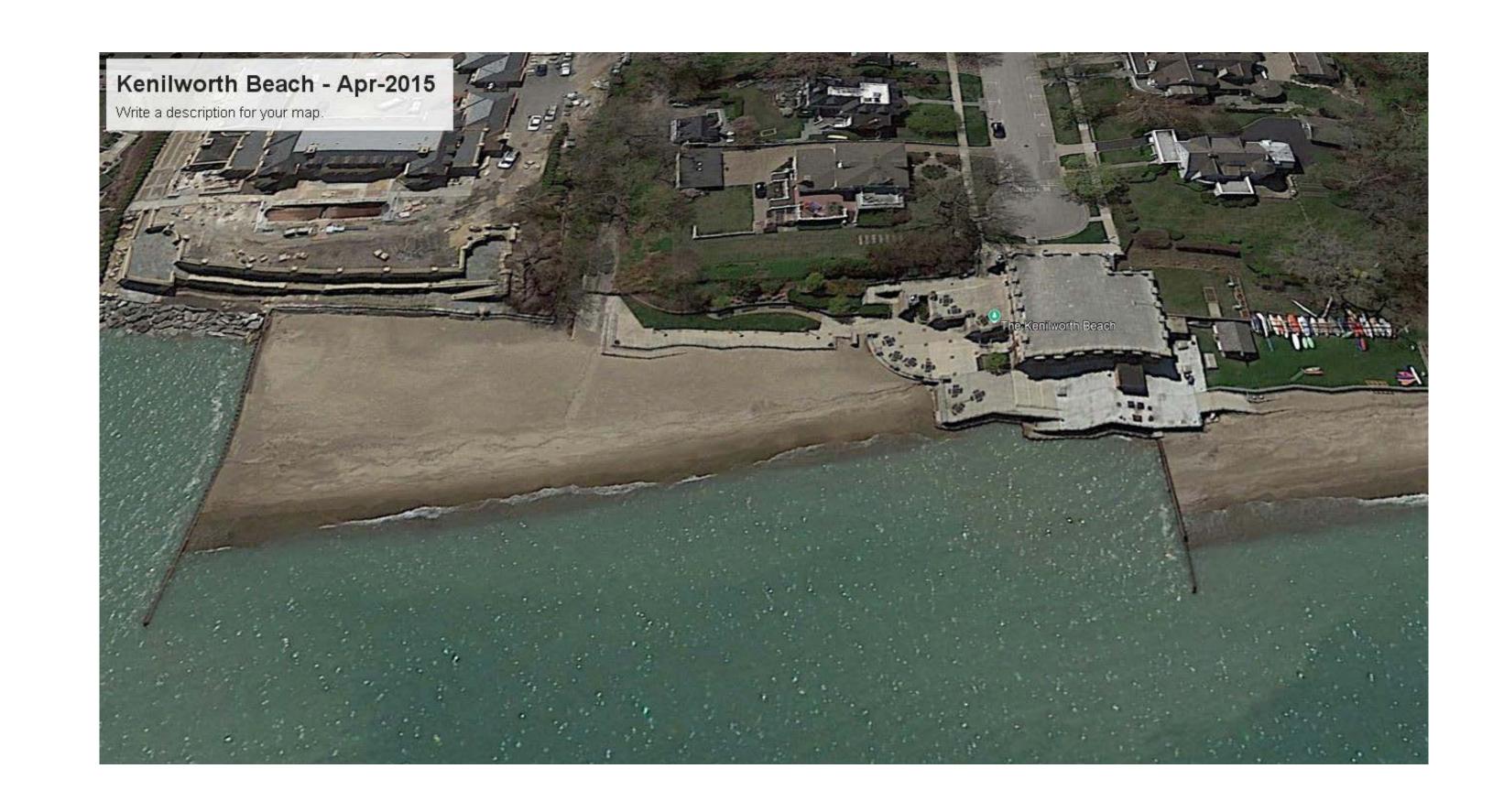




### Coastal Engineering

### Littoral Barriers

An obstacle to littoral drift or migration of material along the shore. Littoral barriers may be natural, for example, rocky headlands or man made jetties, breakwaters or dredged channels. These hinder the normal drift of material along the shore

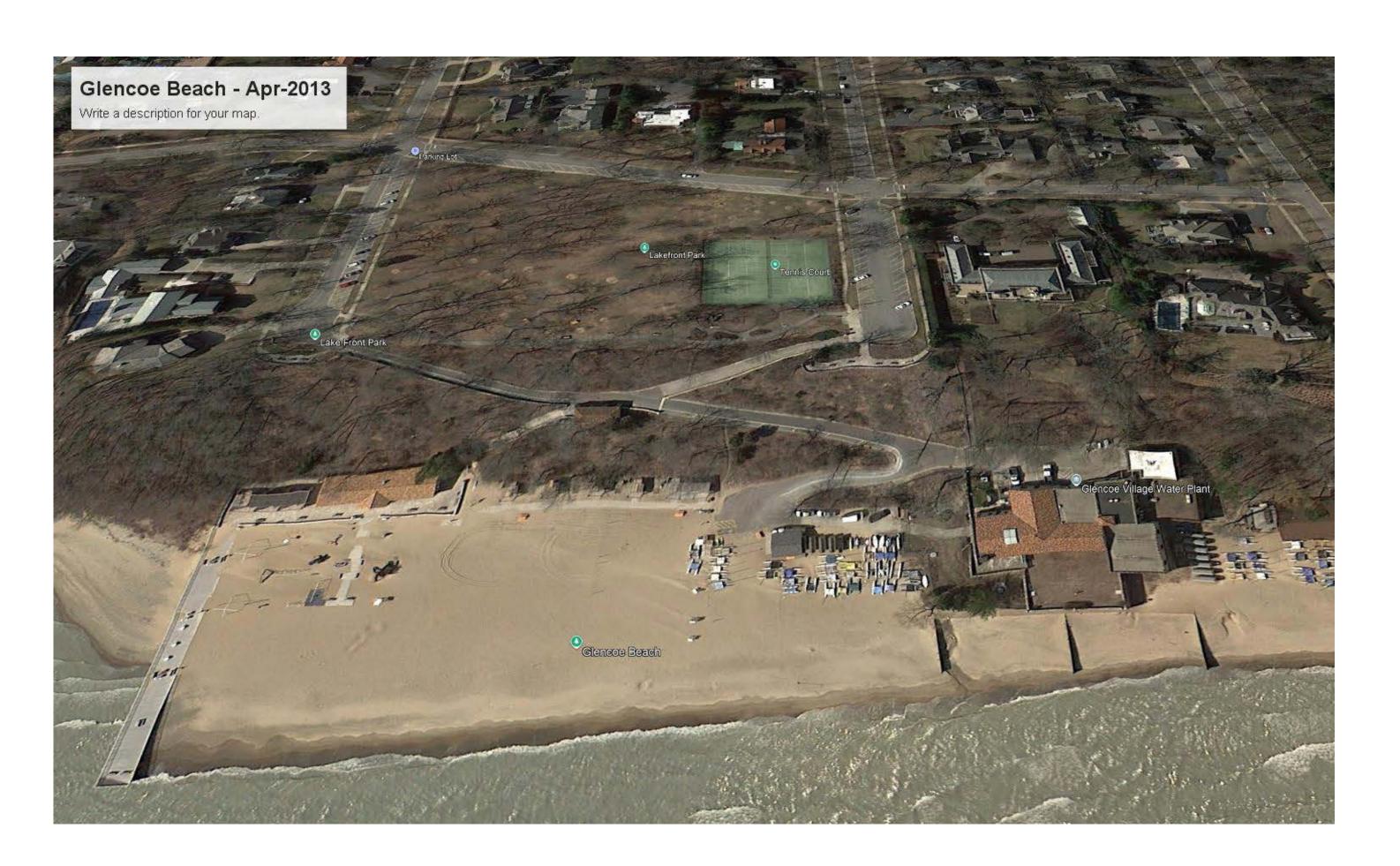




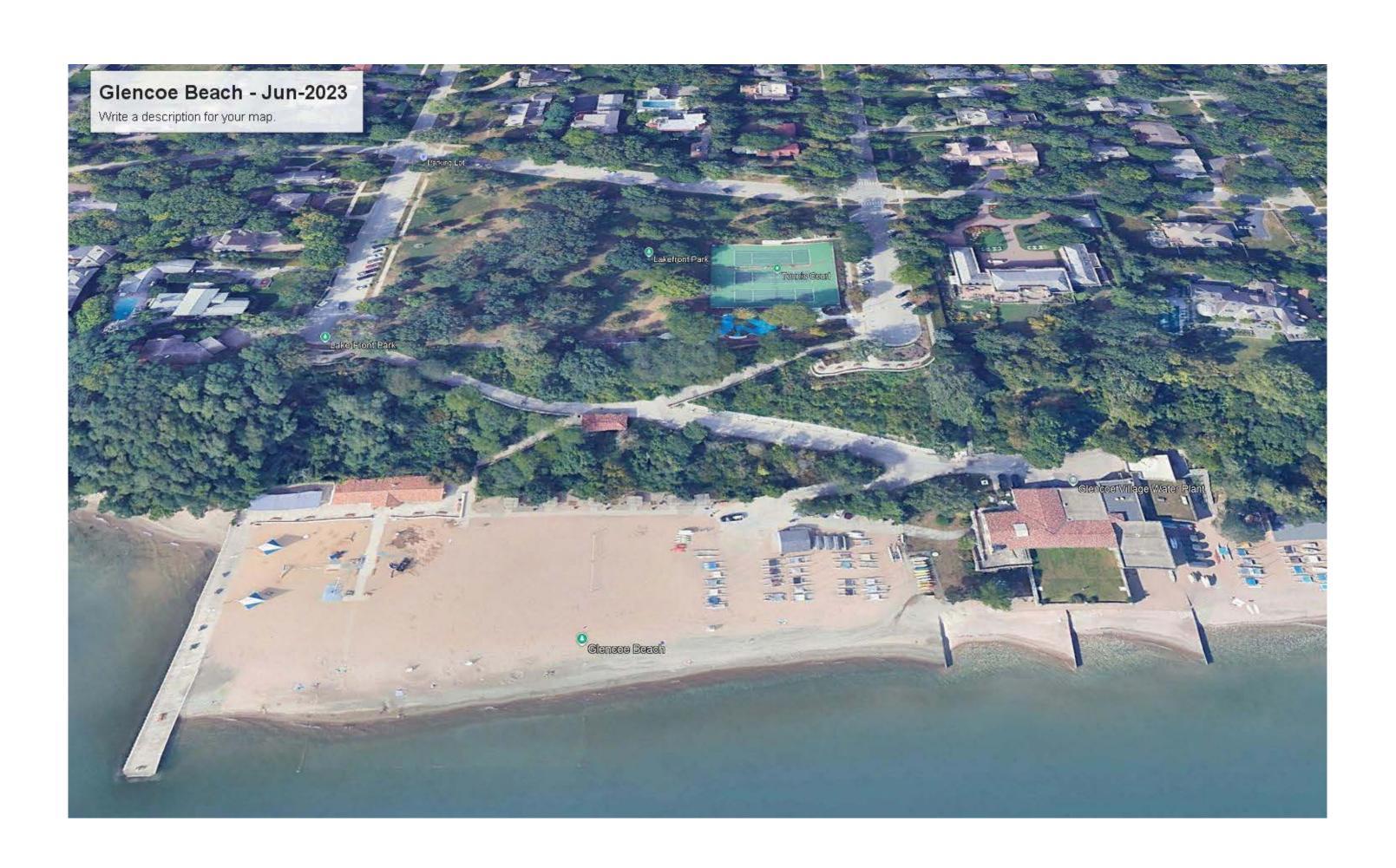


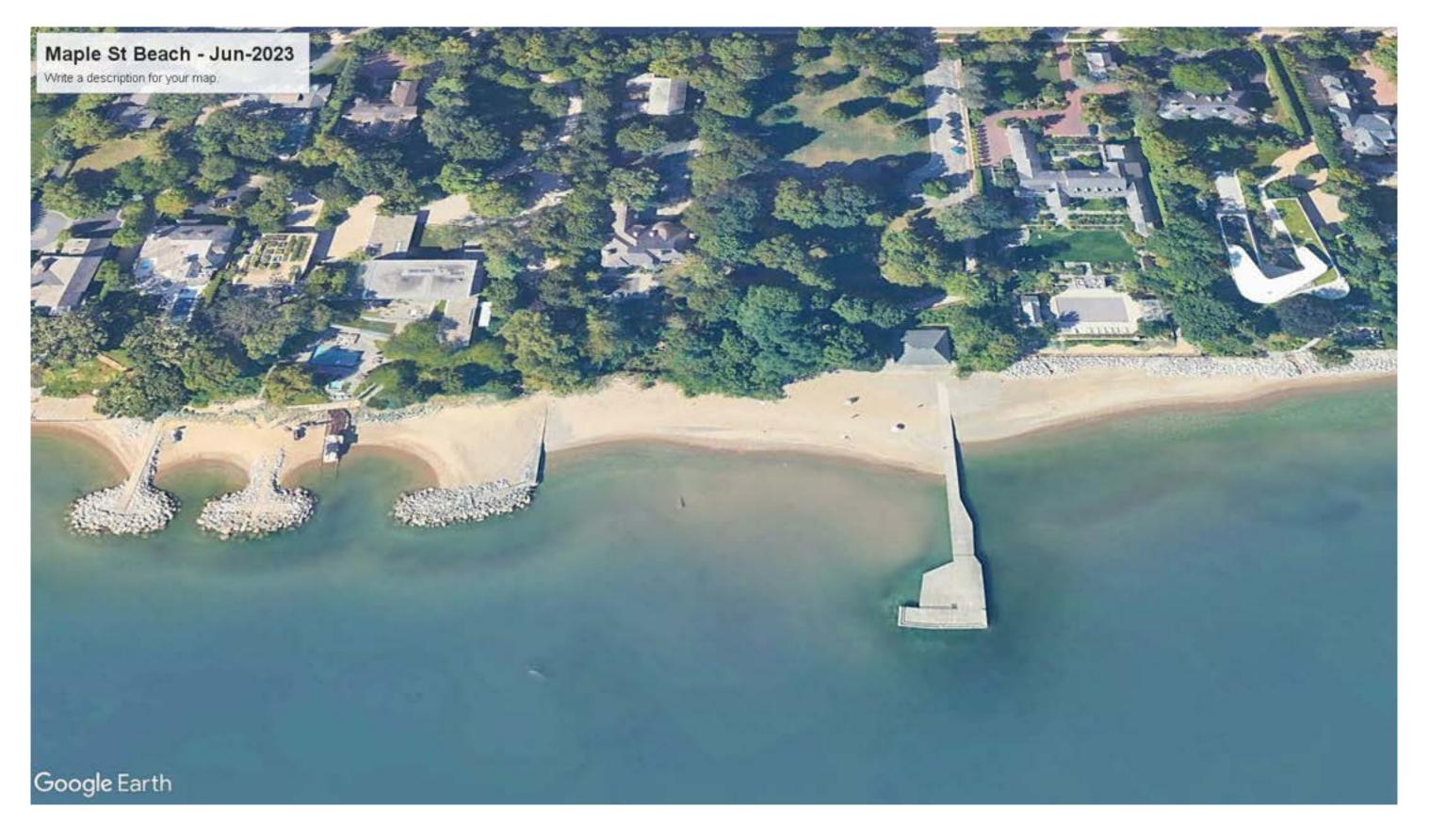


# Coastal Engineering





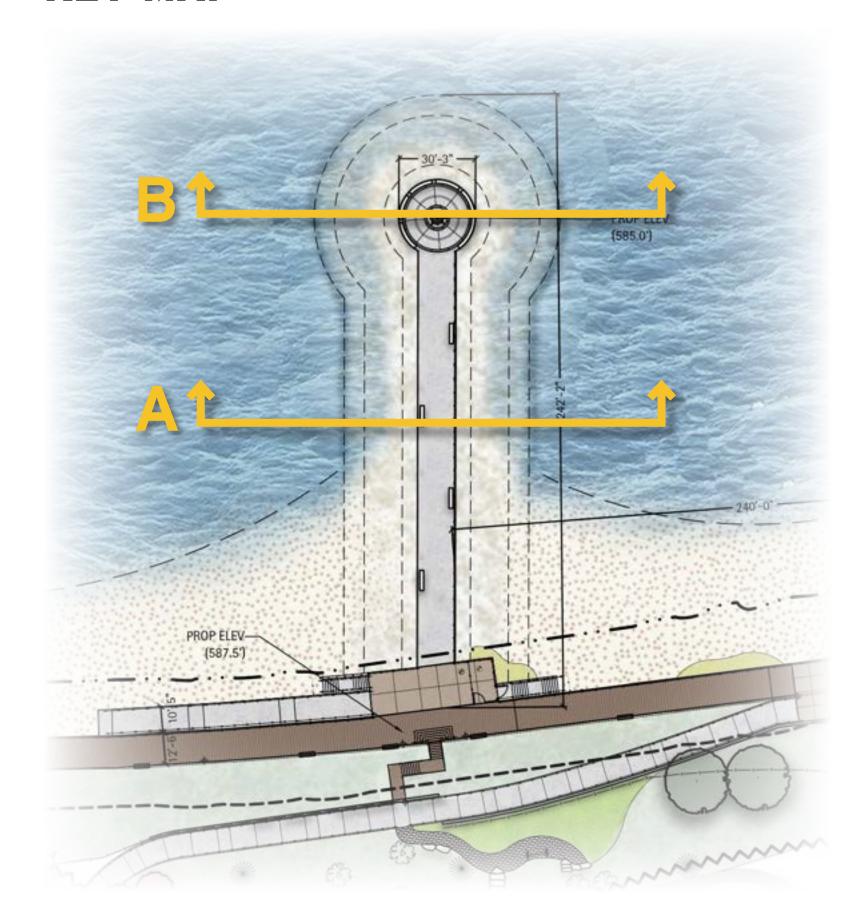


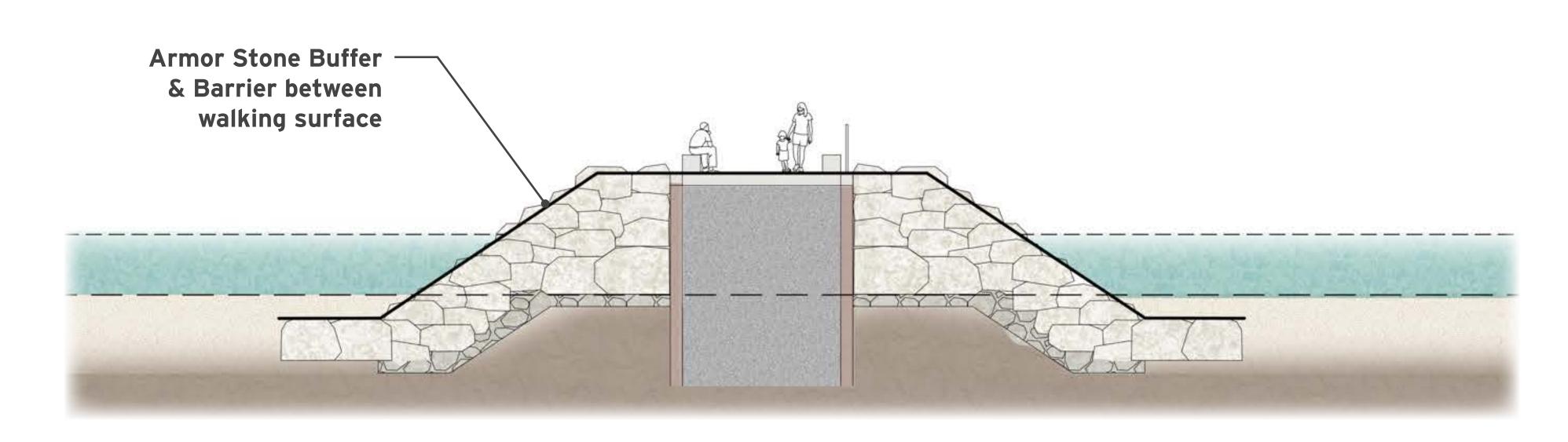




### Coastal Engineering

#### **KEY MAP**

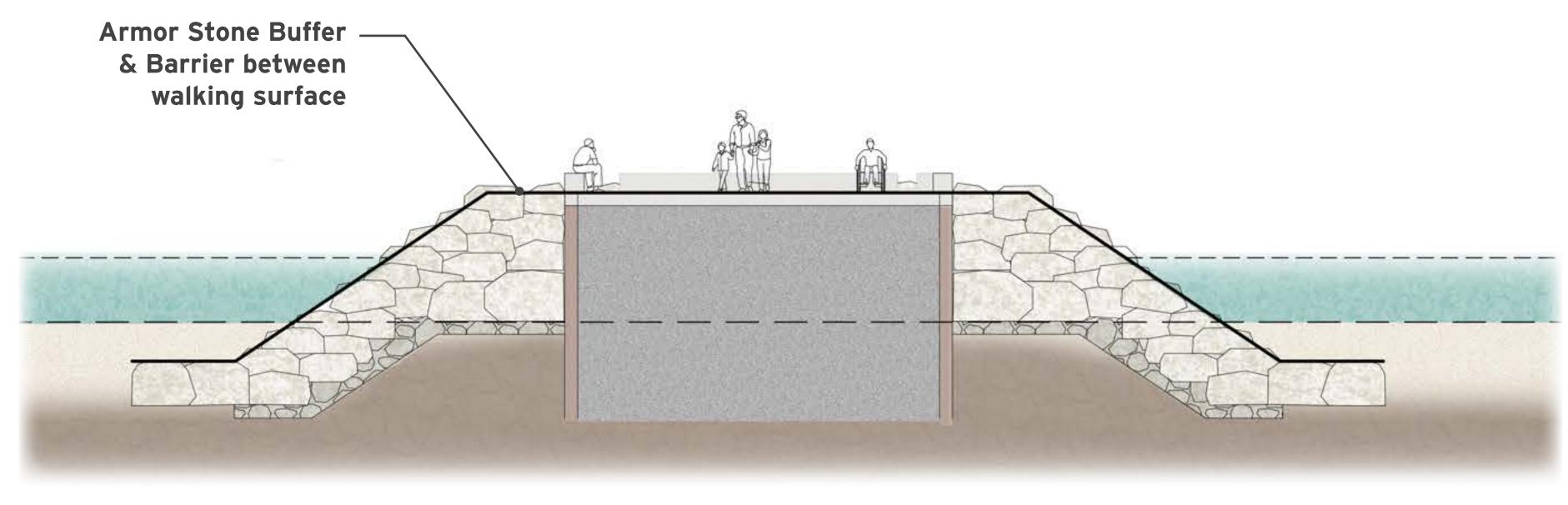




**SECTION A - Looking East** 

# Rubble Mound Breakwater with Pier Surface

- Length: Promotes sand retention
- Height x Width (shape): Reduces wave energy leading to fewer rip currents



**SECTION B - Looking East** 



### Design Statement from Red Barn

### Coastal Engineering Design Criteria

- Balances environmental sustainability and industry standard engineering, while being responsive to community feedback.
- •[Pier] structure serves as an improvement over the existing steel groin as it relates to reduction of any existing rip currents currently experienced along the steel groin, while performing additional sand retention and seasonal accretion at the beach areas.
- Length and width [of the pier] were carefully selected to ensure it provides the right scale for the site while achieving vital environmental goals.
- Length of the pier aligns with the dimensions of other piers along the Winnetka shoreline



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#### 6 December 2024

#### DESIGN STATEMENT: Site Improvements Centennial Park and Beach Project

The design elements and project components, and project documents for the Centennial Park and Beach site, have been prepared and under the direction of the Winnetka Park District (WPD). These documents were prepared in accordance with current State and Federal codes, regulations, and industry standards for site improvement projects along the Great Lakes shoreline.

The projects incorporate elements that reflect a balance of environmental sustainability, and industry standard engineering, while being responsive to community feedback. These elements, combined with input received from local stakeholders and the requirements outlined in the Village's Amended Lakefront Construction Ordinance, have shaped the project design now presented for Special Use Permitting for Centennial Park and Beach.

A key feature of the proposed design is the new pier structure, which features a steel sheet pile core bordered by a rubble mound revetment structure. This structure serves as an improvement over the existing steel groin as it relates to reduction of any existing rip currents currently experienced along the steel groin, while performing additional sand retention and seasonal accretion at the beach areas. These improvements provide enhanced public space at the park beachfront. The pier's length and width were carefully selected to ensure it provides the right scale for the site while achieving vital environmental goals.

The crest elevations of both the pier core and rubble mound revetment were selected to follow the Village's Lakefront Ordinance, while adhering to the principle of minimal intervention necessary to fulfill these objectives.

The chosen length of the pier aligns with the dimensions of other piers along the Winnetka shoreline, ensuring consistency with the area's existing shoreline improvements. This thoughtful consideration allows the design to blend harmoniously with the surrounding environment while enhancing the functionality of the beach.

The project documents were prepared by a collaborative team including the WPD, RED BARN Design & Engineering, The Lakota Group, Spaceco Inc., Shabica & Associates, and Christopher Burke Engineering. Documents for State and Federal permitting, and project documents for bidding and construction have been prepared as part of this coordinated effort.



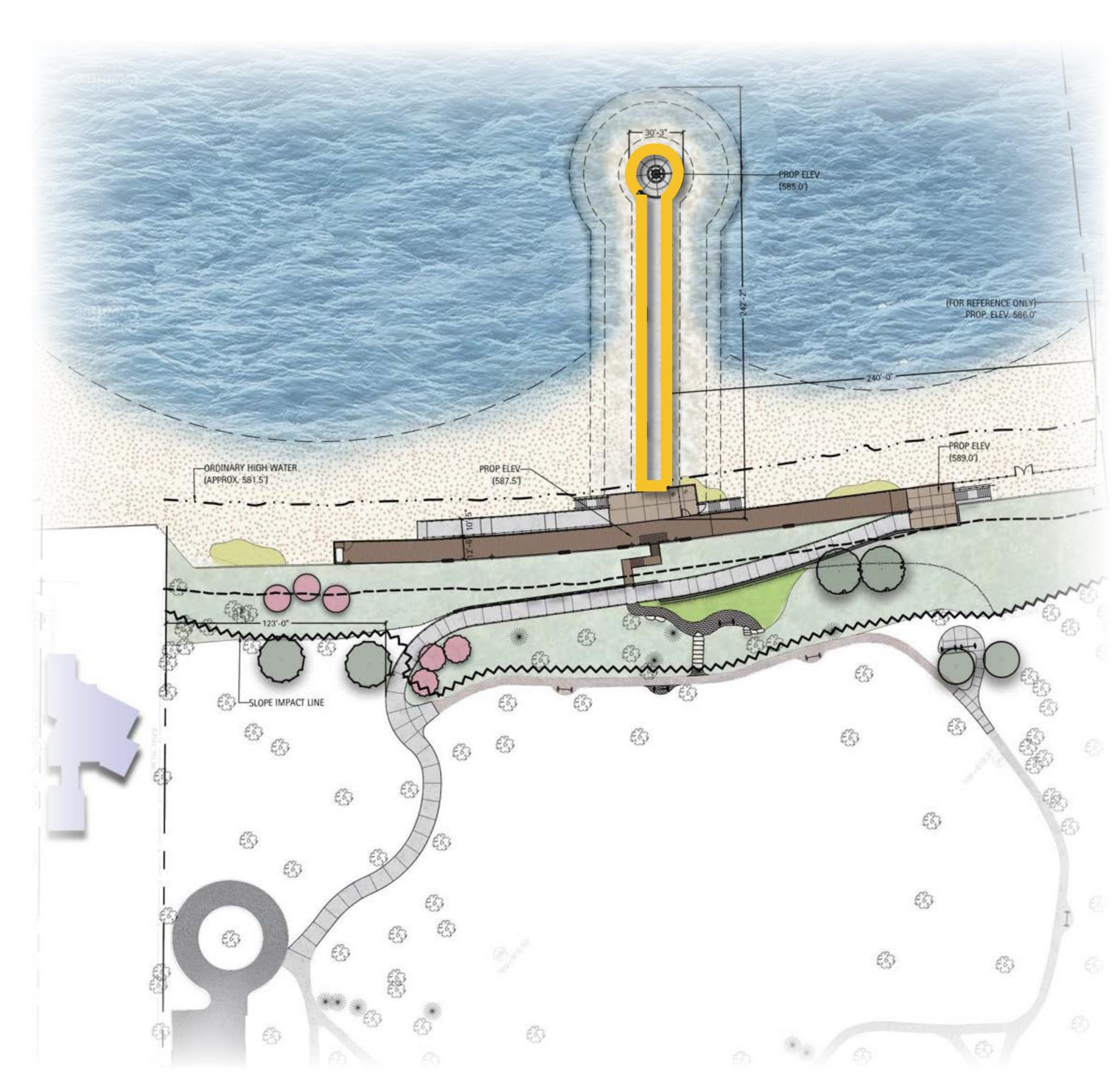


Overview

### Safety of the Pier

- Improved Public Amenity
- Training & Operations

Improved Public Amenity with safe accessible access to the proposed pier. The pier design itself promotes a safer beach environment with reduced rip currents, while the armour stone surround highlights a visual and physical barrier to prevent diving. Suggested barriers and signage will be included to close the pier and boardwalk as needed during High Wave events (during high lake levels).

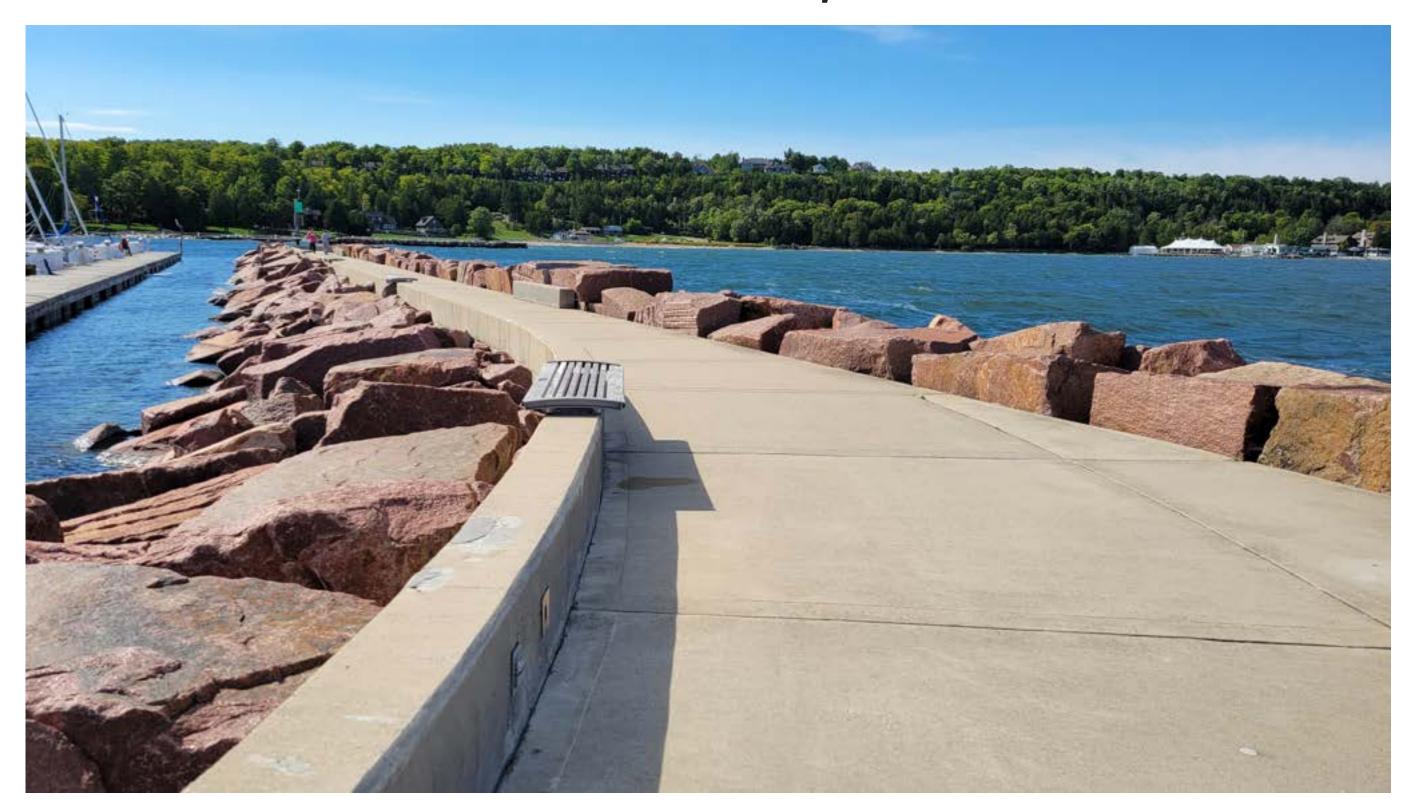


# Pier Safety

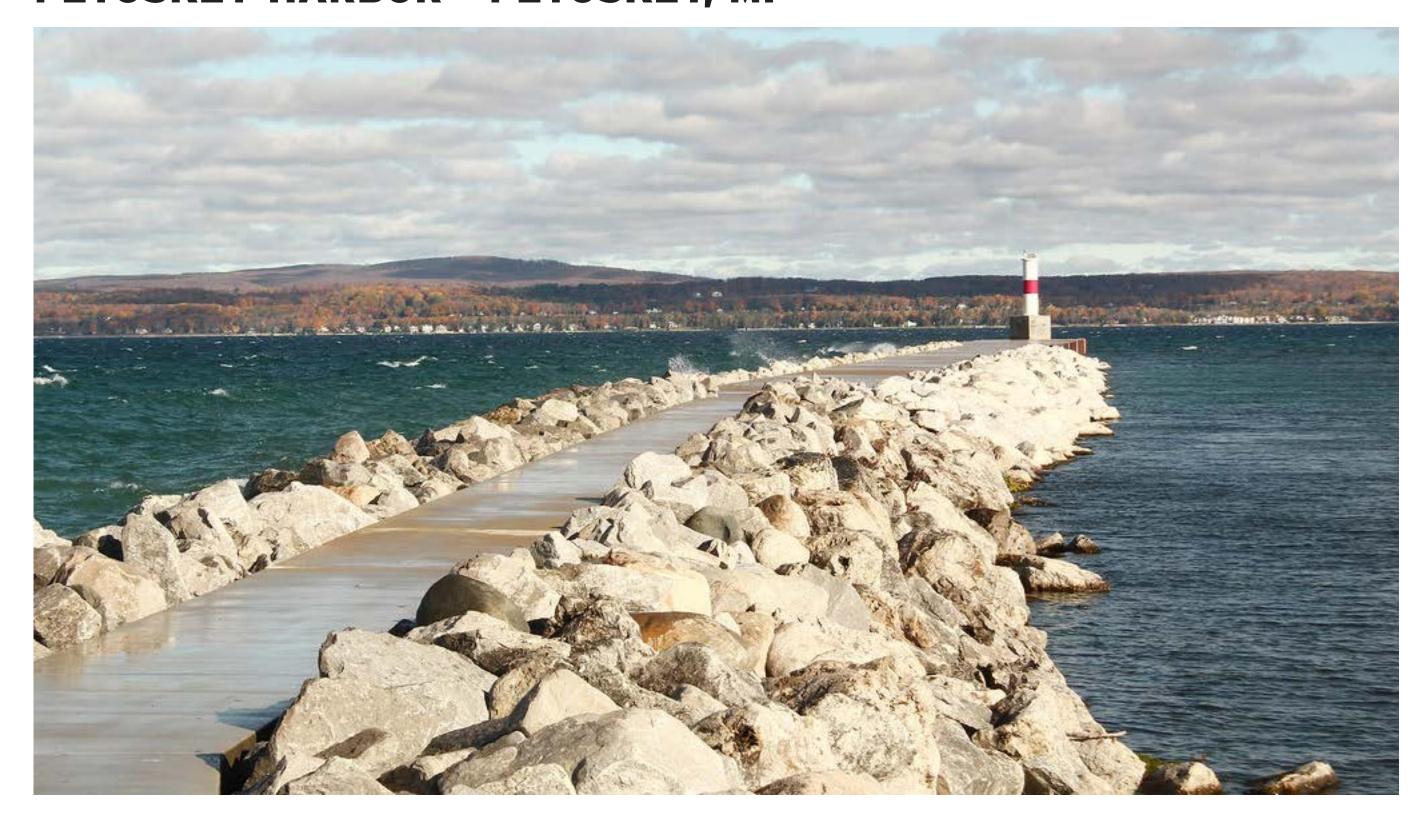
# CENTENNIAL BEACH & BLUFF IMPROVEMENTS

## Improved Public Amenity

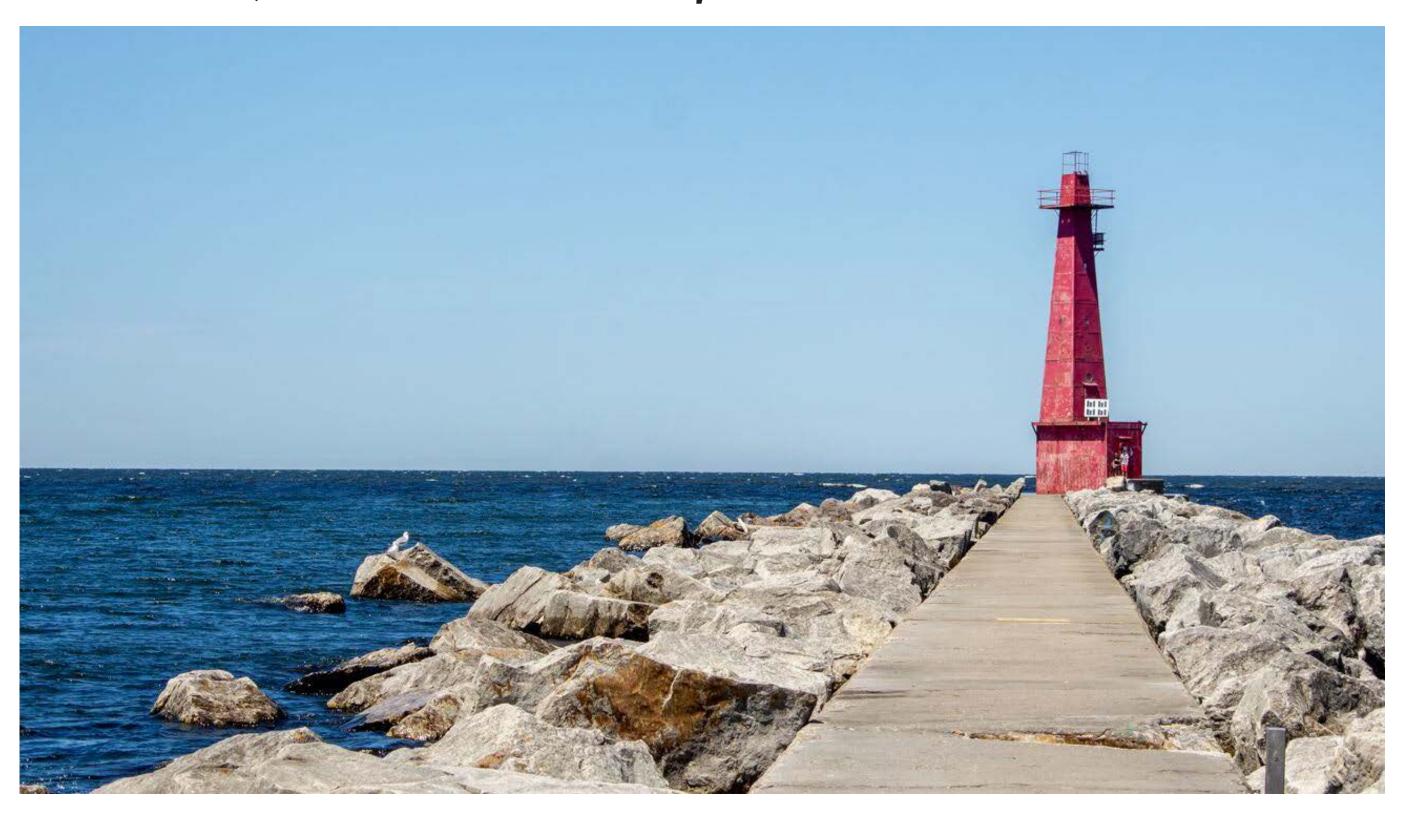
#### EGG HARBOR MARINA - DOOR COUNTY, WI



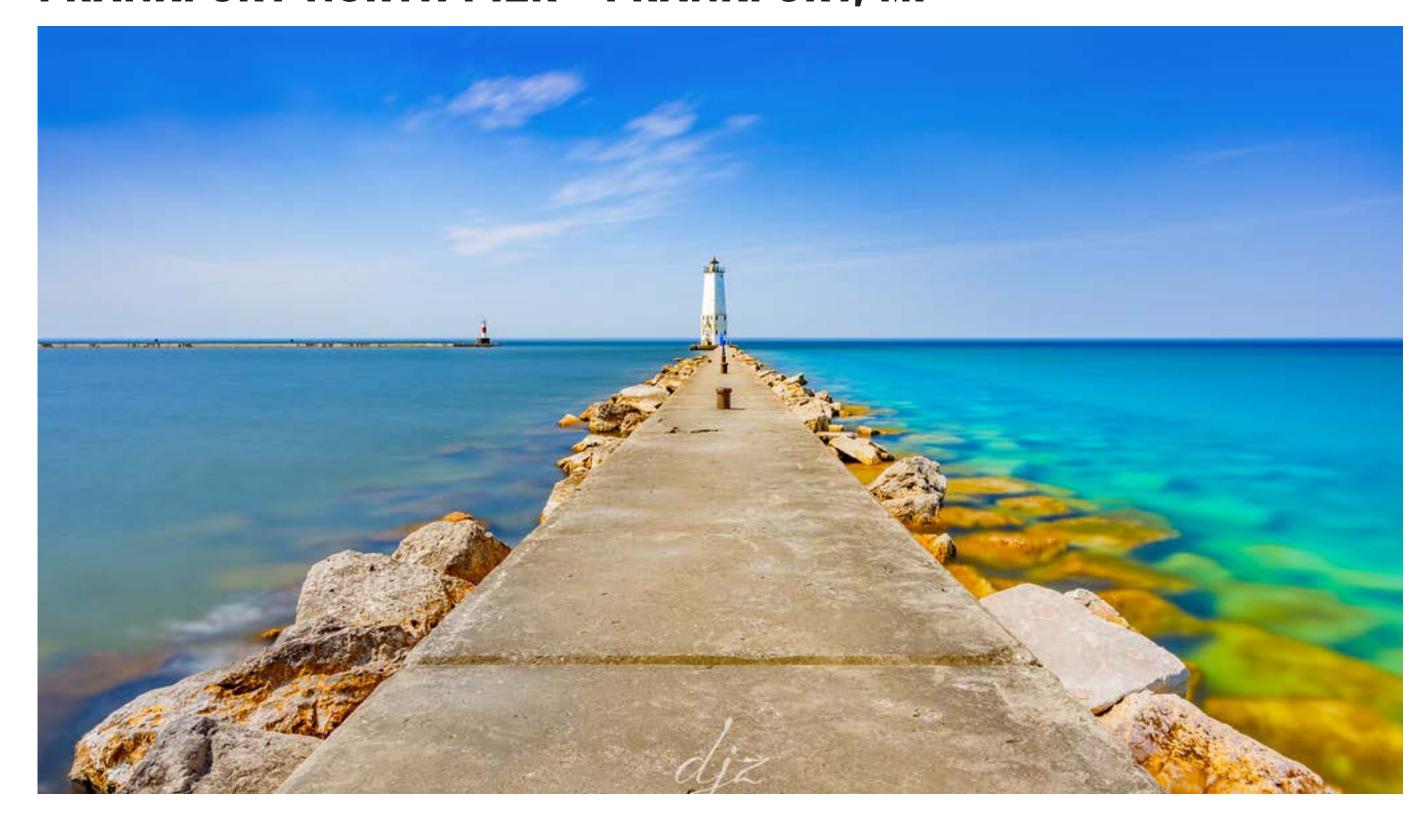
PETOSKEY HARBOR - PETOSKEY, MI



PERE MARQUETTE - MUSKEGON, MI



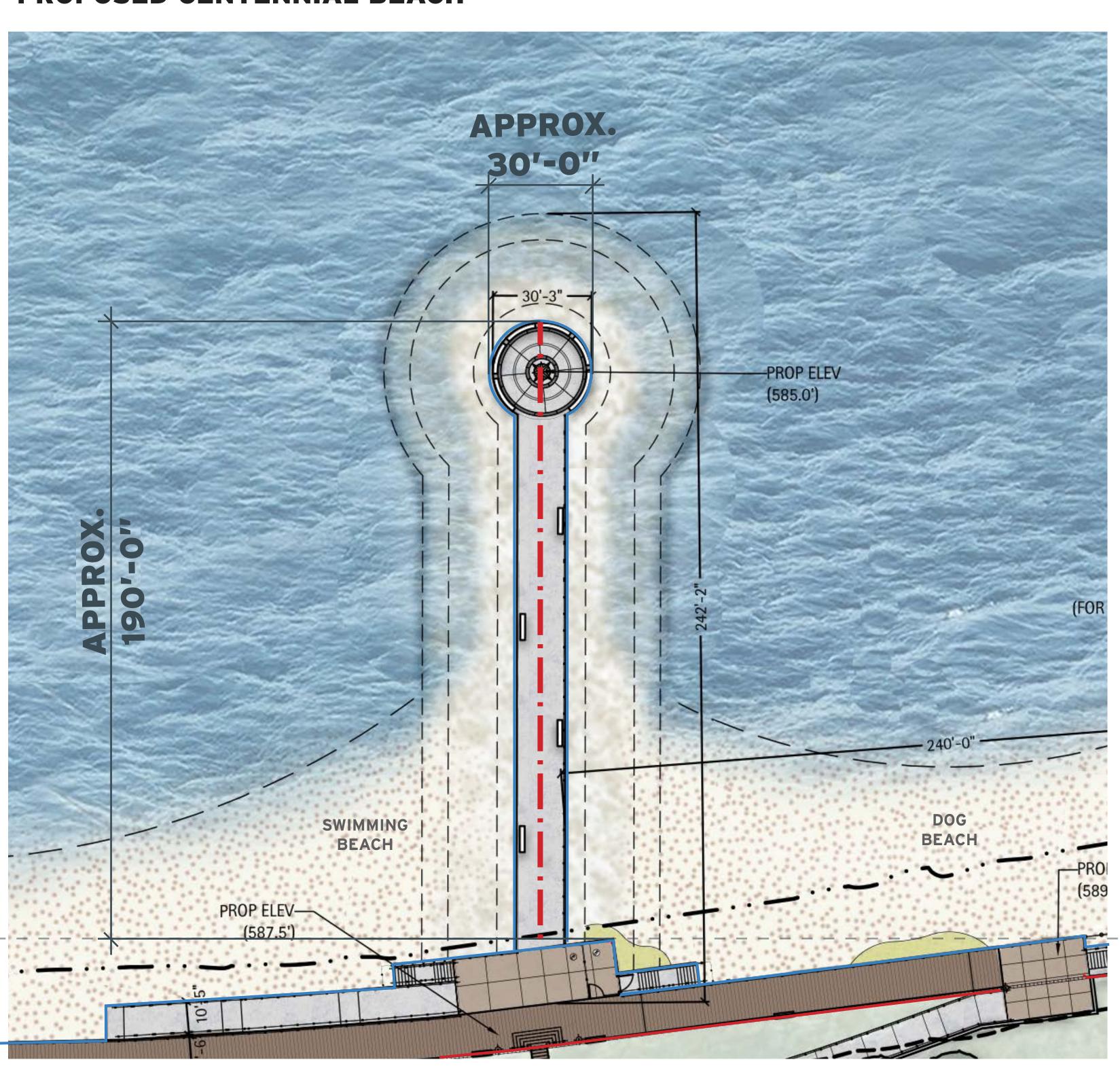
FRANKFORT NORTH PIER - FRANKFORT, MI



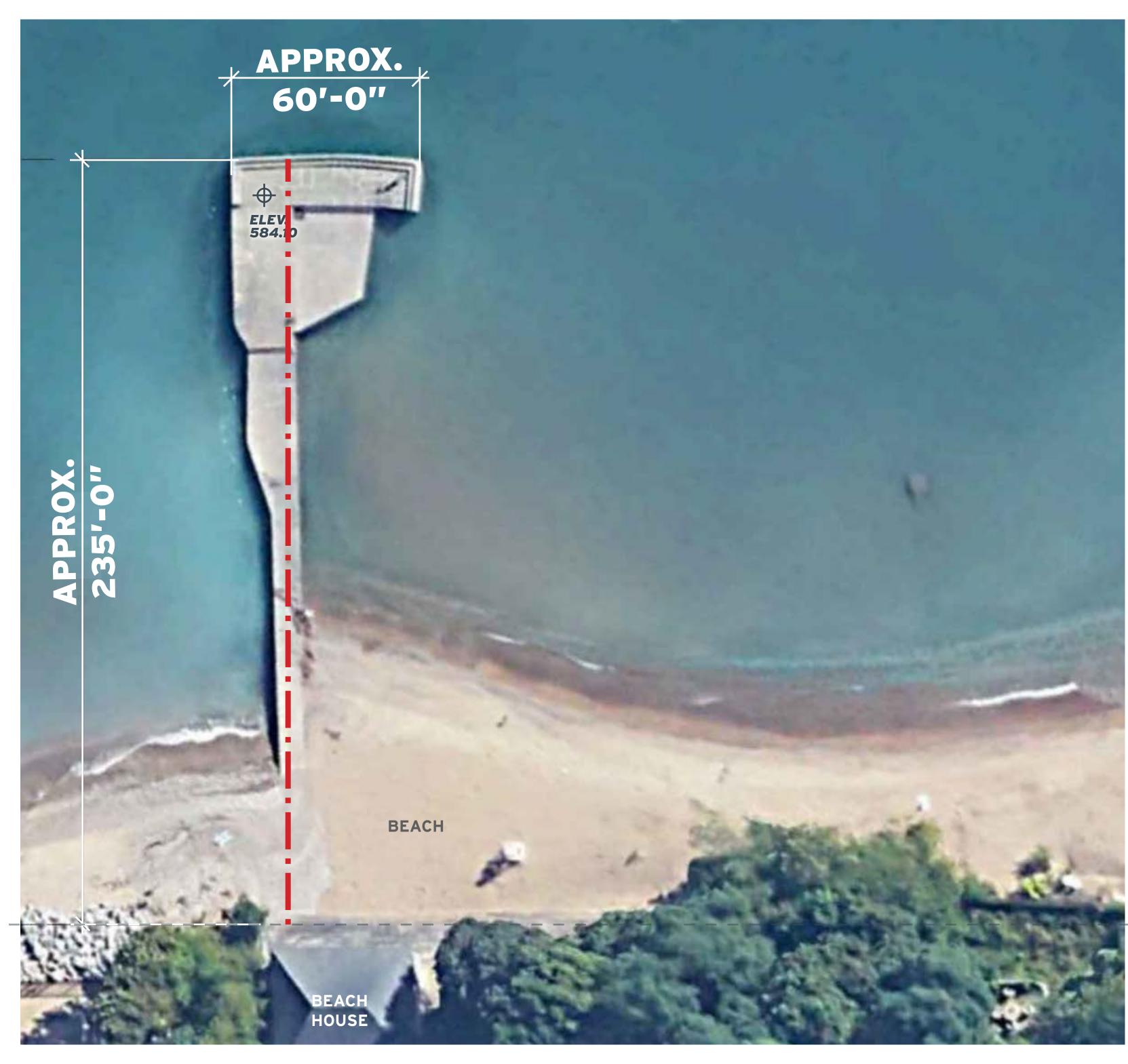


## Improved Public Amenity

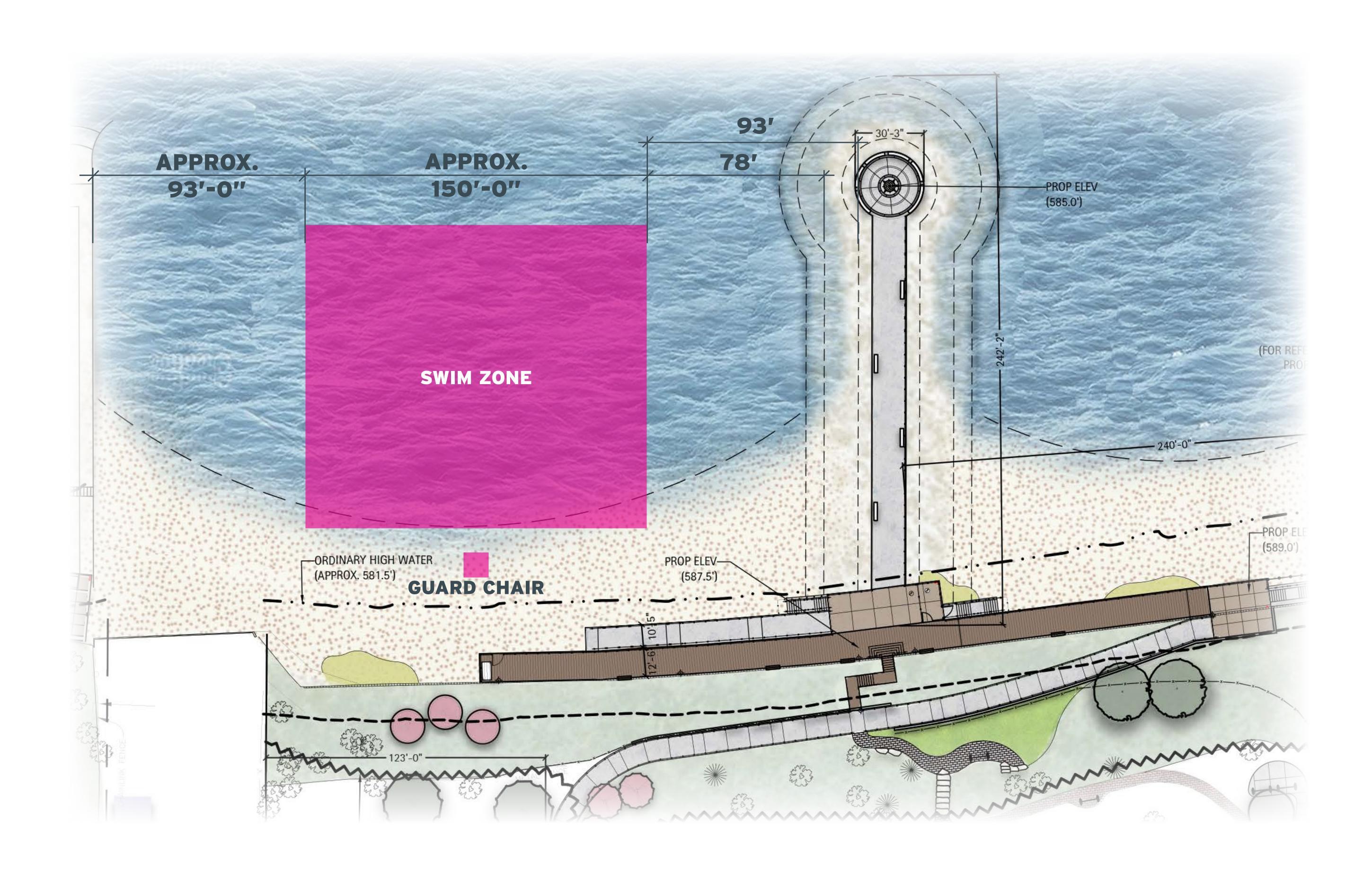
#### PROPOSED CENTENNIAL BEACH



#### **MAPLE STREET BEACH**









### Becoming a Lifeguard at WPD

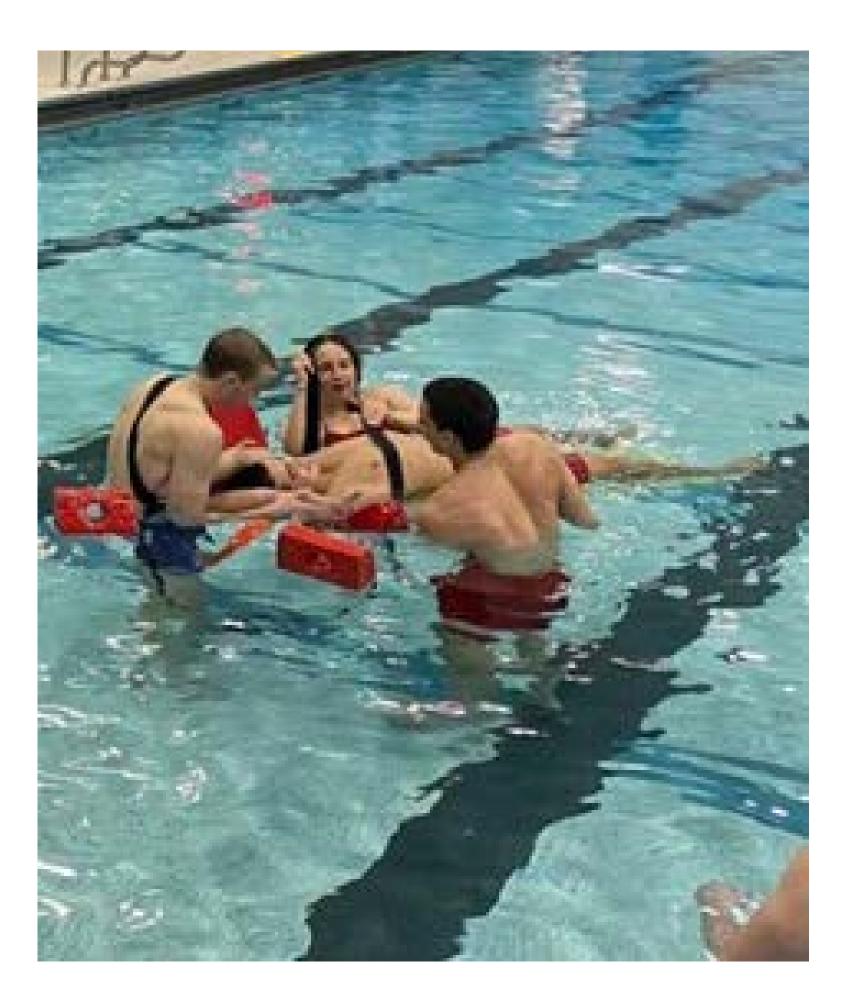
• American Red Cross Lifeguard Professional Rescuers Certified:

(7) hours of online and (20) hours of in-water training. Certification includes: Professional Rescuer CPR/AED/1st Aid lifesaving skills including multi-person active rescues and passive (unconscious) rescues

#### • Waterfront Certification:

Additional (4) hours training at the beach required for beachfront lifeguards Training includes: Beach entry and water searches

• WPD also incorporates 2-part physical fitness test that all incoming guards must pass







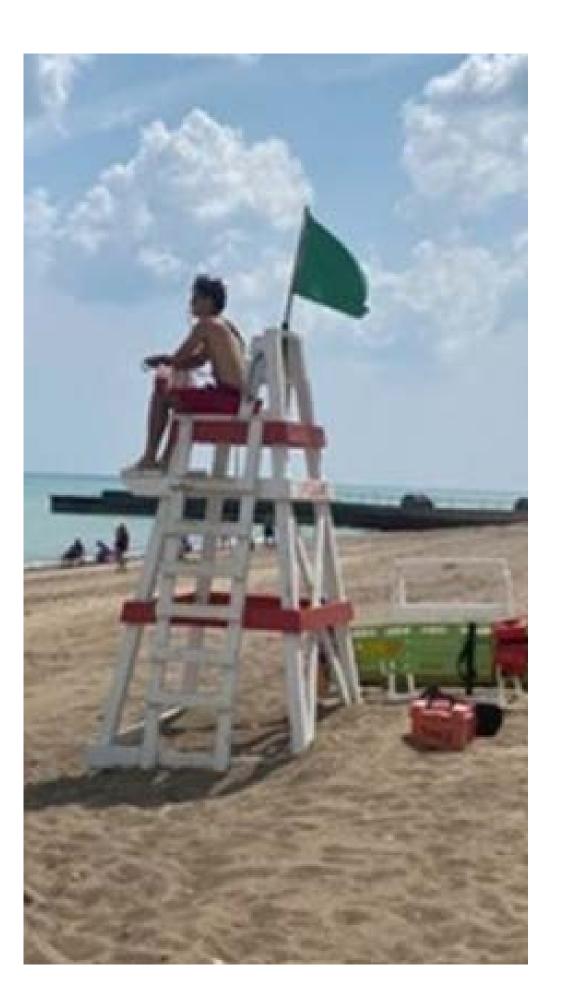


Lifeguards on duty will be in a guard chair, walking the shoreline and/or on a rescue board in water.

Lifeguards rotate on/off every 20-30 minutes. Lifeguards are required time away from duty and will sit behind active guards while on break.

# Training requirements throughout summer include:

- Daily on-shift skill reviews
- Monthly training (2) hours mandatory in-service training hours to maintain certification
- PDRMA (3) unannounced audits throughout the summer assessing lifeguard observations in-chair and lifesaving skills and administrative operation review









### BEach SAFE Water Safety Campaign

- Launched in May, 2024
- Summer Kickoff Event: Held water safety scavenger hunt, community education event
- Promoted campaign at every special event this summer with handouts
- Spoke to over 700 District 36 Students
- Signage posted at Beaches
- Beach Safety web page created on winpark.org website





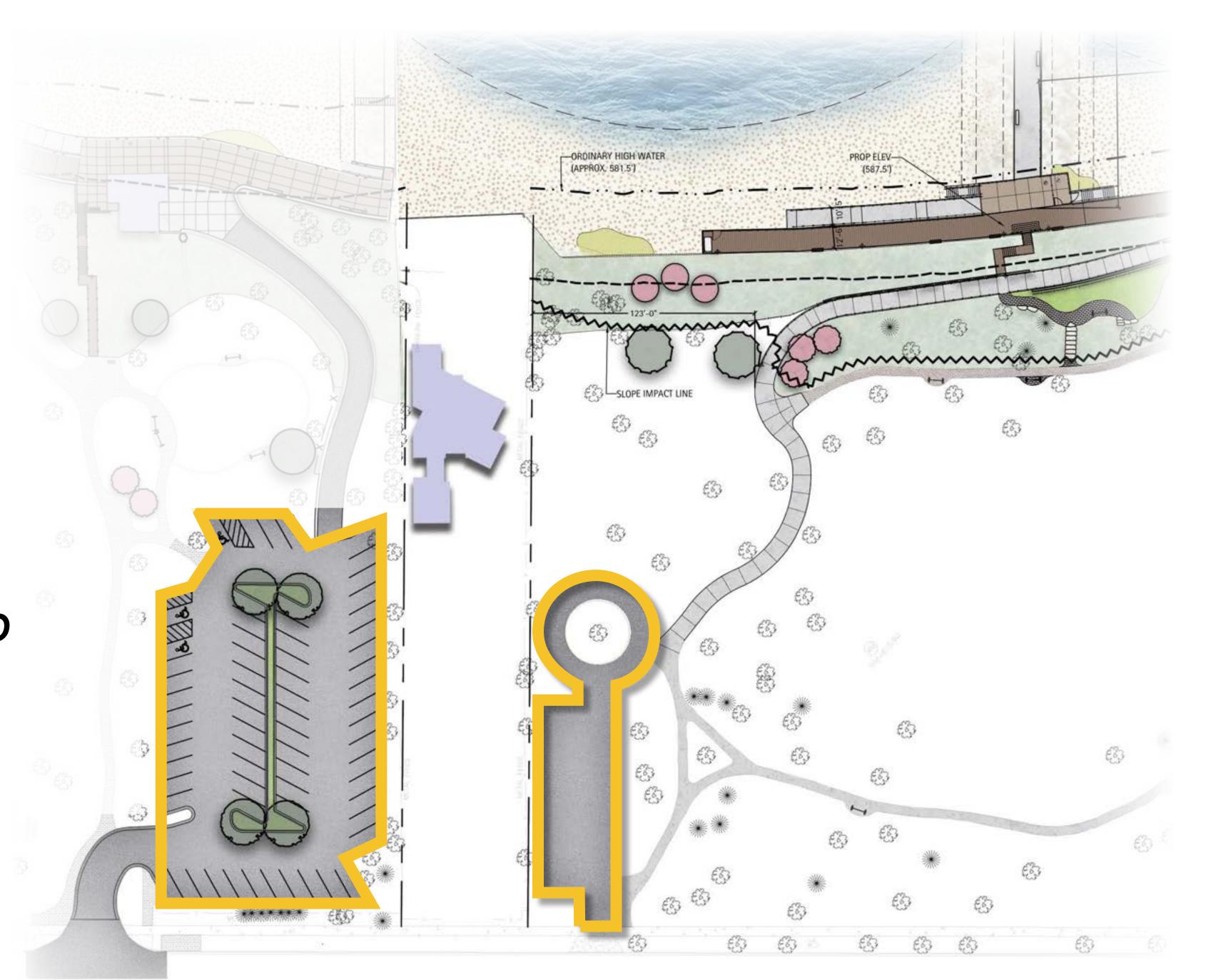




Overview

### Parking

- Elder/Centennial Parking
- Parking Review from Kimley Horn
- Land Bank Parking Options (willingness to expand parking in lieu of green space)
- Shuttle Options

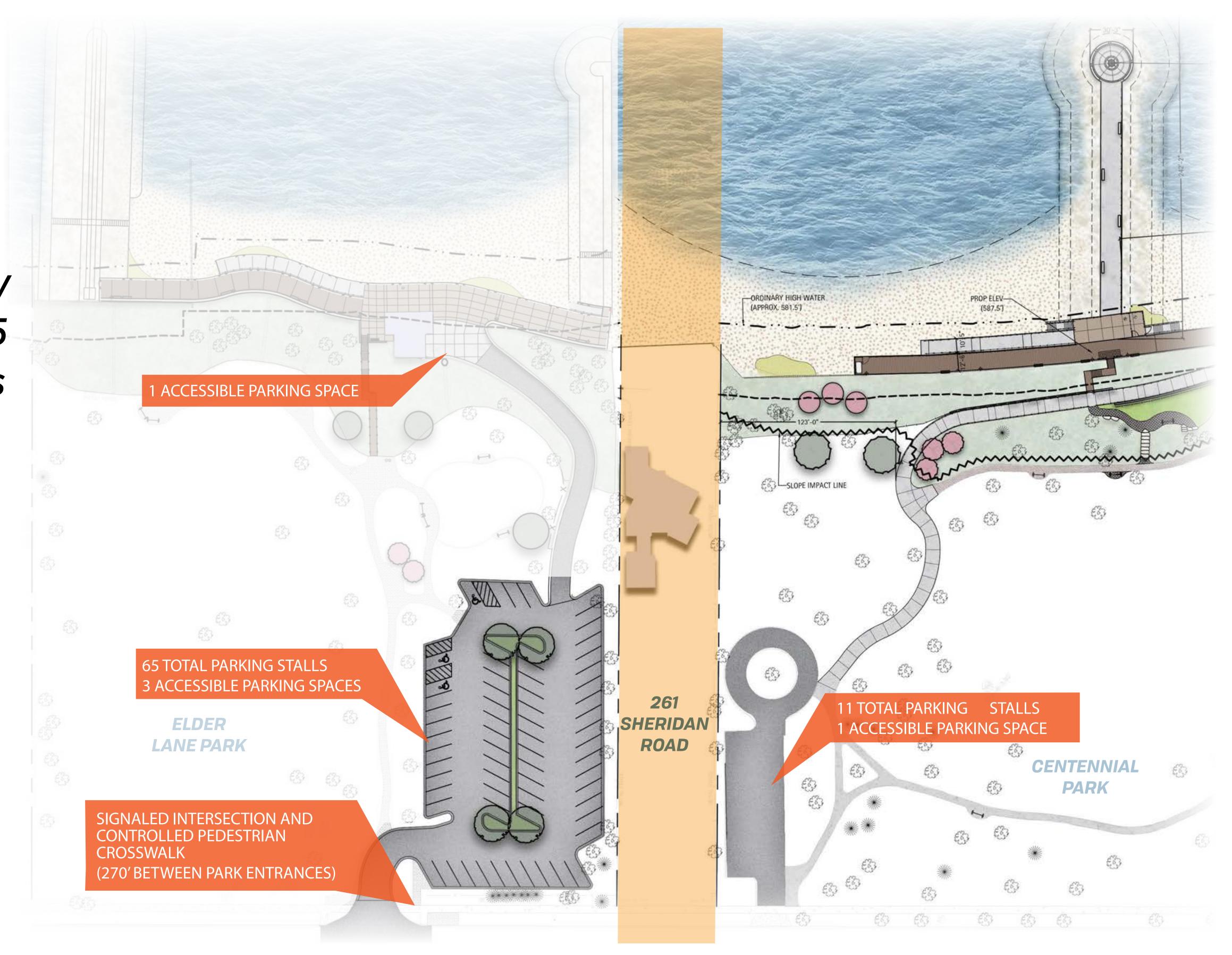




### Elder/Centennial Parking

### Elder/Centennial Parking

• Elder & Centennial
Parks currently have a
combined parking capacity
of 75 regular spaces and 5
Accessible Parking Spaces
(80 parking spaces total)



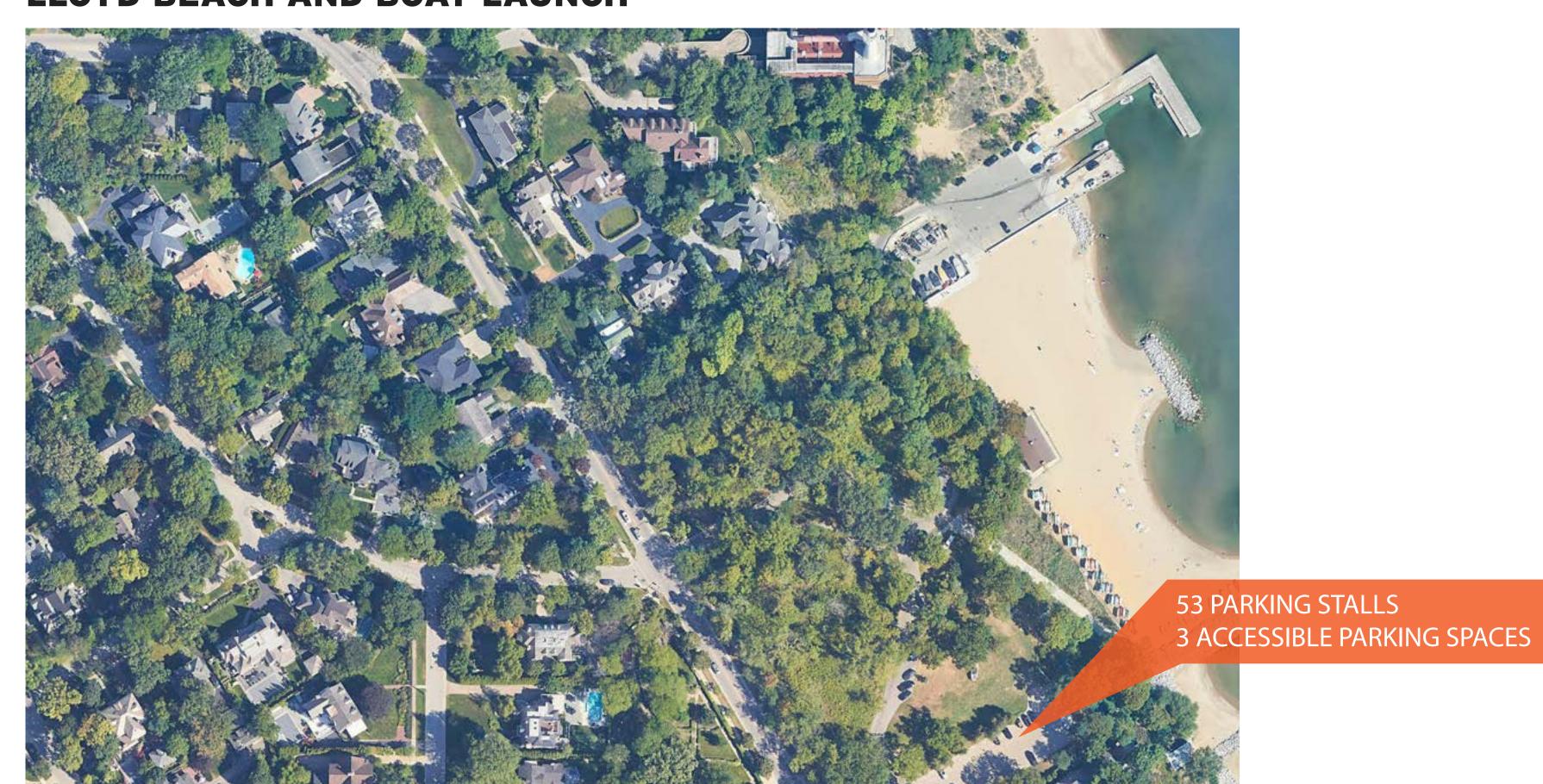


### WPD Beach Parking

#### **TOWER ROAD PARK AND BEACH**



LLOYD BEACH AND BOAT LAUNCH



#### MAPLE STREET PARK AND BEACH



### Parking Counts

Tower Upper: 2 Accessible / 48 Regular

Lloyd Upper: 3 Accessible / 53 Regular

Maple: 1 Accessible / 13 Regular

Elder Upper: 3 Accessible / 65 Regular

Elder Lower: 1 Accessible

Centennial: 1 Accessible / 10 Regular



### Transportation Review from Kimley Horn

#### Plan Evaluation

#### • Traffic Generation

- »Is typically driven by industry resources, due to the unique use of Park Space, they are not always the same, so there is not specific standard to follow making it difficult to reference traditional resources.
- »Data was collected from the previous three year's season pass sales, daily fees, and users as recorded to plot beach season pass sales, daily fee visits and dog beach pass sales helping to create the snap shot of users along the WPD beaches.
- »Assumptions were made considering the improvements for Centennial and Elder Lane Beaches, that there would be an initial uptick in users over the course of the first season or two till things normalized.
- »Since there are several beach options along the Winnetka Shoreline there would help disburse the desire to use Centennial and Elder Lane due to parking access and may instead visit one of the other beaches.

#### Access

- »Access and Parking to these two sites constant in the current conditions.
- »Centennial Parking functions well, with the 11 current parking places the lot itself should not have significant issues or congestion when entering or leaving the park.
- »The additional parking available at Elder Lane Park is within close proximity to Centennial and has a traffic signal which provides a controlled crossing for the neighborhood.

#### Parking

»The proposed plans allow for 78 combined parking places, which is more than the combined 64 spaces between Tower and Maple Parks. As a system, the Winnetka Park District provide 142 parking spaces for the swimming beaches, Lloyd provides another 56 for the boating beach and launch. With an overall total parking of 198 Park District owned spaces.



### Transportation Review from Kimley Horn

### Potential Parking Measures

### Options

- »Installation of signs directing visitors to other lakefront parks and beaches if full
- »Resident parking only in parking lots
- »Secure overflow parking at New Trier (or another site near the Beaches)

### Kimley» Horn

among the beaches if one is too crowded. Providing additional parking as part of this plan and displacing open space is not recommended.

**Table 4. Comparable Beach Characteristics** 

Location	Town	Parking	Access	Beachfront <sup>1</sup>	Park Features
Centennial Park	Winnetka	Parking Lot 11 spaces	Season Dog Beach Pass	520 feet	Park / Open Space Dog Beach Swimming Beach <sup>2</sup>
Elder Lane Park	Winnetka	Parking Lot 67 spaces <sup>3</sup>	Currently Closed	400 feet	Park / Open Space Swimming Beach <sup>4</sup> Playground
Maple Street Park	Winnetka	Parking Lot 14 spaces	Season Pass Daily Fee	175 feet	Park / Open Space Swimming Beach
Tower Road Park	Winnetka	Parking Lot 50 spaces	Season Pass Daily Fee	500 feet	Park / Open Space Swimming Beach Playground
Glencoe Beach	Glencoe	On-Street 94 spaces	Season Pass Daily Fee (only available on weekdays after 12 PM)	550 feet	Park / Open Space Swimming Beach Sailing Tennis Courts Playground
Rosewood Beach	Highland Park	2 Parking Lots (resident only with decal) 87 spaces	Residents: Free Pass Non-Residents: Season Pass or Daily Fee	1,000 feet	Park / Open Space Swimming Beach Playground
Forest Beach Park	Lake Forest	3 Parking Lots (resident only) 208 spaces  Metra Station (non-residents) 3/4-mile walk	Residents: Free Pass Non-Residents: Daily Fee	1,770 feet	Park / Open Space Swimming Beach Boat Launch Sailing Playground
Sunrise Beach	Lake Bluff	On-Street in Neighborhood	Residents: Free Pass Non-Residents: Daily Fee	950 feet + 250 feet dog beach	Swimming Beach Playground

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Approximate length

<sup>2</sup> Proposed for southern ½

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Proposed parking capacity

Beach has been closed since 2020



### Transportation Review from Kimley Horn

### Summary

Based on review of current conditions, the proposed plans for Centennial and Elder Lane Parks, and data relating to beach passes and daily fee visits, the transportation and parking elements of the proposed plan are expected to continue to adequately serve the two park sites.

### Special Use Standard #4

That adequate measures have been or will be taken to provide ingress and egress in a manner which minimize pedestrian and vehicular traffic congestion in the public ways;

- Access to both Centennial Park and Elder Lane Park are proposed to remain as existing. Given the traffic volume along Sheridan Road, and the size of the parking lots, and the configurations and traffic control at the two intersections, vehicle traffic should not have issues or cause meaningful congestion when entering or exiting the parks.
- The traffic signal at Sheridan Road/Elder Lane provides a controlled crossing for pedestrians walking between the lakefront and the neighborhood west of Sheridan Road. Elder Lane Park is immediately east of this signal and Centennial Park is located just over 200 feet south of this traffic signal, so this crossing supports pedestrians walking to/from either park.
- •Pedestrian sidewalk currently exists along the park frontages on Sheridan Road exiting vehicles maintain good visibility of pedestrians as they approach the respective access drives. The proposed plans do not negatively impact these sight lines.
- Upon further validation of the findings, supplemental data collection and review planned in Summer 2025 will inform whether additional measures may be warranted. This data collection and review will be coordinated with the Village Engineer.

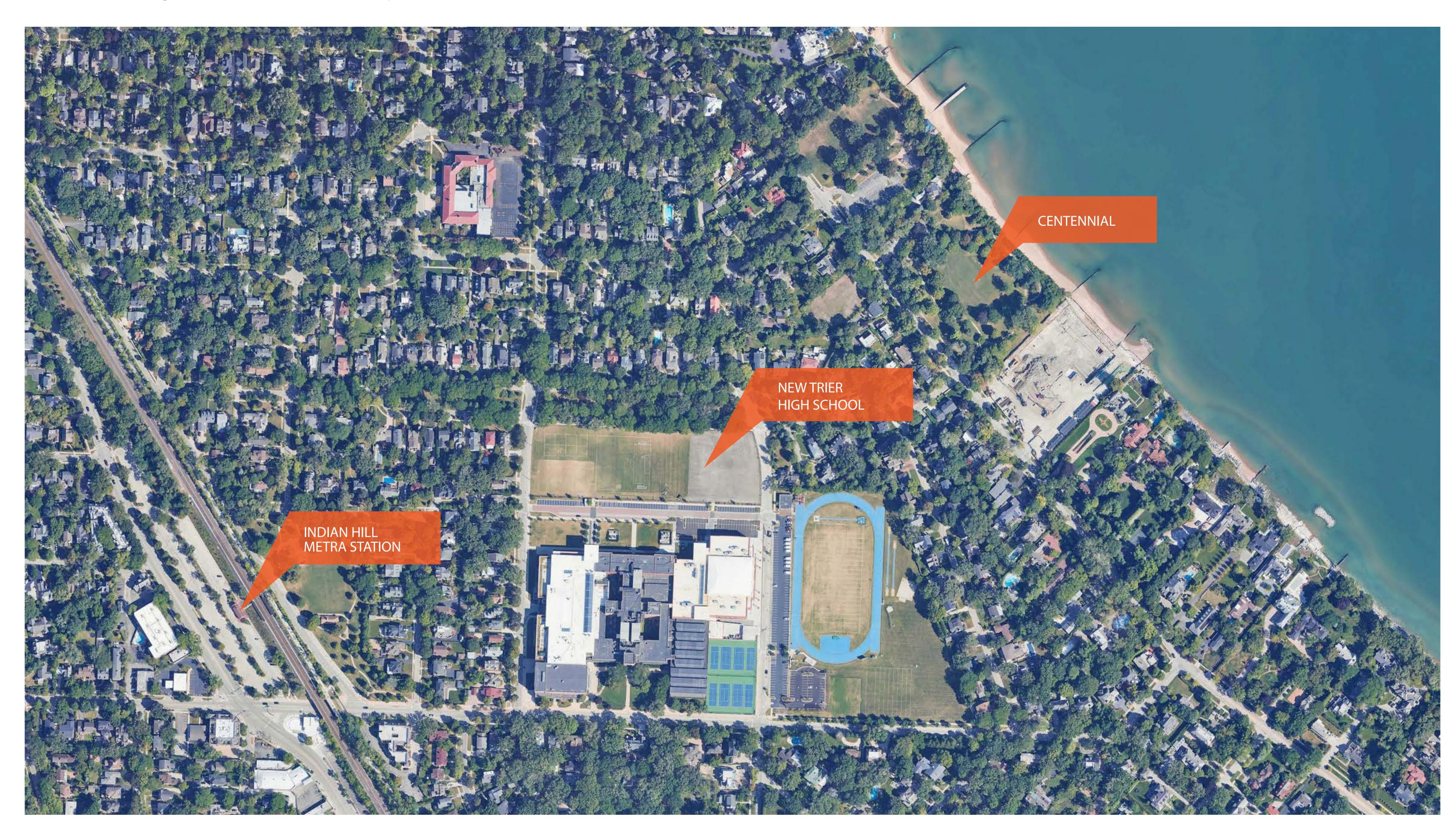
### Special Use Standard #5

That adequate parking, utilities, access roads, drainage, and other facilities necessary to the operation of the special use exists or are to be provided;

- The parking at Elder Lane Park is available to supplement Centennial Park needs and is easily accessible via a short walk (approximately 200 feet between access points) along Sheridan Road's public sidewalk.
- The 67 spaces at Elder Lane offer more parking than Tower Road and Maple Street Parks combined. As a system, the lakefront parks with swimming beaches would provide 142 off-street parking spaces.
- adequately serve the collective vehicle parking demand as patrons can distribute among the beaches if one is too crowded.
- The combined 78 spaces at Elder Lane and Centennial Parks is generally in line with parking provided at other comparable lakefront parks/beaches along the North Shore.
- Additional parking measures are possible to provide overflow parking and/or limit use of off-street lots to residents only, if needed.
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Parking-Shuttle Options





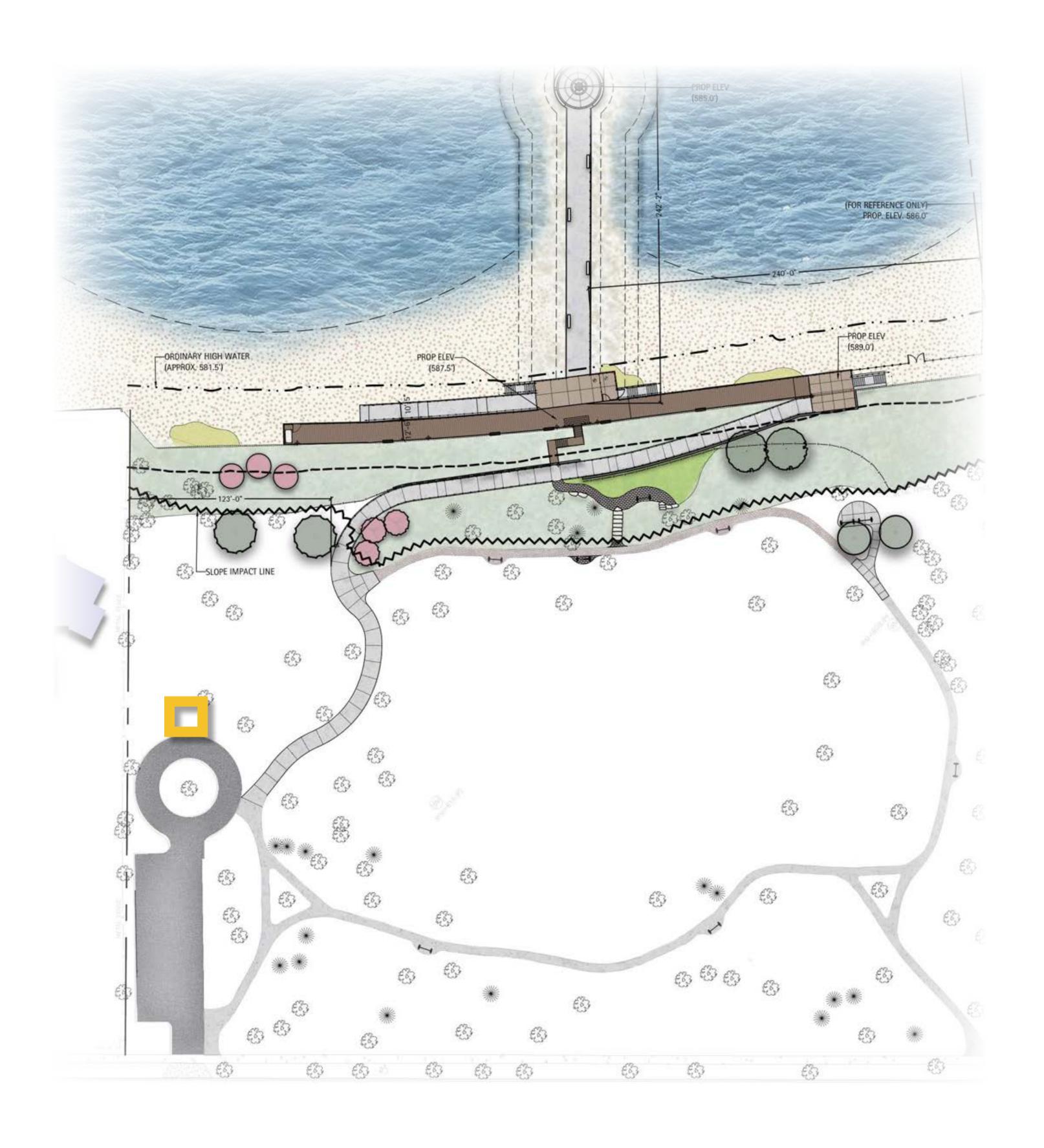
### Restrooms



Overview

### Restrooms

• WPD can provide ADA accessible portable restrooms on the park table land for in-season use





# Pedestrian Bypass

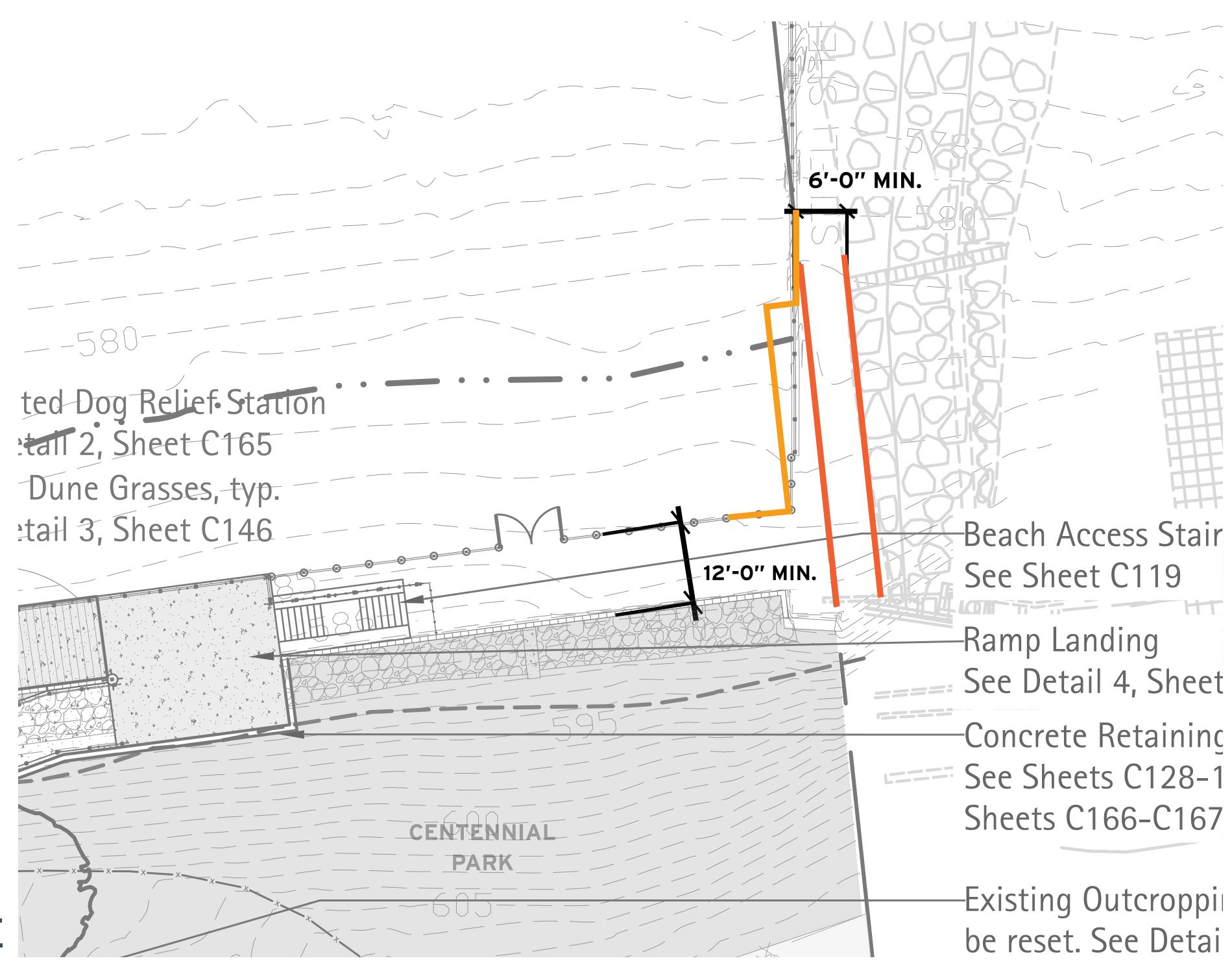


### Pedestrian Bypass

- The current design provides the ability for someone to be able to walk the shoreline at the OHWM
- To allow for passage onto the next property a pedestrian bypass area is provided
- Additional consideration can be given to:

OPTION 1 - EASEMENT

OPTION 2 - MODIFIED FENCELINE



### Conclusion



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